Sample Format and Instructions of the Manuscript for Journal of JSCE B2 (Coastal Engineering)

Taro DOBOKU¹, Hanako YOTSUYA² and John SMITH³

¹Member of JSCE, Professor, Dept. of Civil Eng., University of Doboku
(Yotsuya 1, Shinjuku-ku, Tokyo 160-0004, Japan)
E-mail:doboku@jsce.ac.jp

²Member of JSCE, Dept. of Civil Eng., Doboku Corporation
(13-5, Mitsuya 6, Shinjuku-ku, Tokyo 160-0004, Japan)
E-mail:hanako@jsce.co.jp

³Member of JSCE, Professor, Inst., Industrial Science, University of Tokyo
(7-22-1 Roppongi, Minato-ku, Tokyo 106-8558, Japan)
E-mail:smith@jsce.or.jp

This template is prepared for your preparation of manuscript for Journal of JSCE B2 (Coastal Engineering). It provides instructions: page limit (within 5 pages), page layout, font style, size and others. You may use it to create your own manuscript by replacing the relevant text with your own, using “cut & paste.”

The Abstract should be justified, leaving a 30 mm margin on the left and right sides. Font should be a 10-point Times-New-Roman. The length should be 300 words or less.

Key Words: times, italic, 10pt, one blank line below abstract, indent if key words exceed one line

1. TITLE PAGE

The first page consists of two parts:
(a) Front matters: single column (title, author(s), affiliation(s), contact address(es), E-mail address(es), abstract, key words). E-mail address should be indicated in a separate, independent line.
(b) Main text: double columns.

(1) Layout and fonts for the front matters
Left and right margins for the front matters are equally set at 30 mm. The front matters are, thus, to be laid-out within the borders narrower than those for the main text.
The front matters include the followings:
(About 10 mm blank space)
Title in Times-New-Roman, 18pt, bold
(About 15mm blank space)
Author(s) in Times-New-Roman, 12pt.
(About 5 mm blank space)
Affiliation(s) in Times-New-Roman, 9pt.
E-mail address(es) in Times-New-Roman, 9pt

(2) Layout and fonts of the main text
The text should be placed about 1cm below the key words. Left and right margins for the text are equally set at 20 mm. The text, in double columns put side by side with 6 mm gap in between, must be single-spaced with double spacing between chapters. Use 11pt Times-New-Roman font for the text.

(3) page number
The manuscript must be within five pages and no page numbers should be placed on the manuscript.
2. ORDINARY PAGES

In ordinary pages, the text must be placed within borders immediately below 19mm top margin. The other layout is same as the main text in the title page.

(1) Footnotes and remarks
Avoid using footnotes and/or remarks. If any, try to explain it in the text, or in appendices.

3. HEADINGS (INDENT LIKE THIS SAMPLE IF IT IS LONG)

(1) Main heading
Capital letters in 12pt bold face fonts should be used for main headings (chapter titles) that follow the chapter numbers as is shown in this example. Leave double and single spacing of lines before and after every main heading.

(2) Sub-headings for sections
The sub-headings for sections, in 10pt. bold face fonts, with their initial letters capitalized, are preceded by parenthesized section number like (2). Leave single spacing of line before every sub-heading.

a) Sub-headings for sub-sections
They are written just as the sub-headings for sections are done, but follow alphabets with right parentheses. No spacing of lines is left before and after every sub-heading.

4. MATHEMATICS

Use special high quality fonts for all mathematical equations in the text. Some equations may be placed off the text as:

\[
G = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} b_n(t) \quad (1a)
\]

\[
F = \int r \sin zdz \quad (1b)
\]

and some appear in the text as, \( C_D, \alpha (z) \) If their quality is not satisfactory, the manuscript may not be accepted. Numbered equations ((1a) and (1b) for example) should be center-aligned. The equation numbers in parentheses should be placed flush right.

5. FIGURES AND TABLES

(1) Location of figures and tables

Table 1 Caption should be centered, but if it is long, it should be indented like this.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Specimen No.</th>
<th>Heights (m)</th>
<th>Width (m)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>1.45</td>
<td>0.25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>1.75</td>
<td>0.40</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>1.90</td>
<td>0.65</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Fig.2 Place the caption below the drawing.

Figures, tables and photographs should be inserted at the upper or lower part of the page where reference is first made to them. Do not place them altogether at the end of the manuscript.

Figures or tables should occupy the whole width of a column, as shown in Table 1 or Fig.2 in this example, or the whole width over two columns. Do not place any text besides figures or tables. Insert about one to two lines spacing above the main text.

(2) Fonts and captions
Do not use too small characters in figures and tables. At least, the letters should be larger than those in the captions (9 pt). Captions should be centered, but long captions must be indented like an example of Table 1. The heading of captions is 9pt bold face.

6. CITATION AND REFERENCE LIST

All the references must be numbered in the order of appearance in the article and the right parenthesized numbers are used at the text where it is referred like this). The reference list must be summarized at the end of the main text. Use 9pt font for the list. The reference list is followed by the date of acceptance with one line spacing between them as shown in the present sample.
ACKNOWLEDGMENT: Acknowledgment should follow Conclusions and its text should be preceded by bold face heading directly.

APPENDIX A  APPENDIX

Appendix should be placed between Acknowledgment and References.

REFERENCES